

Application Note AN-I-028

# Dissolved oxygen in surface water

Fast, in-situ determination based on ISO 17289

Oxygen diffuses into water sources from the air by the process of aeration (e.g., when water flows turbulently down rapids or alternatively through photosynthesis by plants and phytoplankton).

Several factors can reduce the dissolved oxygen (DO) content in water. First, as water warms up, oxygen is released into the atmosphere as it is pushed out by increased ion mobility. Secondly, some bacteria and other microorganisms which feed on organic material (e.g., dead plants) consume oxygen. They will produce carbon dioxide from the organic material and oxygen. Last but not least, plants can also have a negative

influence on the oxygen content. If it is cloudy for several days, plants will fail to photosynthesize and begin consuming oxygen also during daytime. If the growth of plants has been stimulated by fertilizer runoff from a nearby source (usually agricultural), this effect can magnify.

Human-induced alterations can have a negative influence on surface water when DO values fall below crucial limits for maintaining the life supporting capacity of freshwater ecosystems. Therefore, monitoring the DO content in surface water by an optical sensor to assess its quality is important.

## SAMPLE AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

The method is demonstrated for a freshwater stream. The analysis is performed directly at the point of

interest, ensuring no falsification of the results which could be introduced by sample transport.

## EXPERIMENTAL

This analysis is carried out on a 914 pH/DO/Conductometer equipped with an O<sub>2</sub>-Lumitrode and a conductivity measuring cell to compensate for the higher salinity. Both sensors are calibrated before the measurement.

The sensors are both directly inserted into the surface water at the point of interest, to a depth of at least 3.5 cm.



**Figure 1.** Transport case including all accessories and a 914 pH/DO/Conductometer equipped with an O<sub>2</sub>-Lumitrode and conductivity sensor for the determination of dissolved oxygen in a freshwater stream.

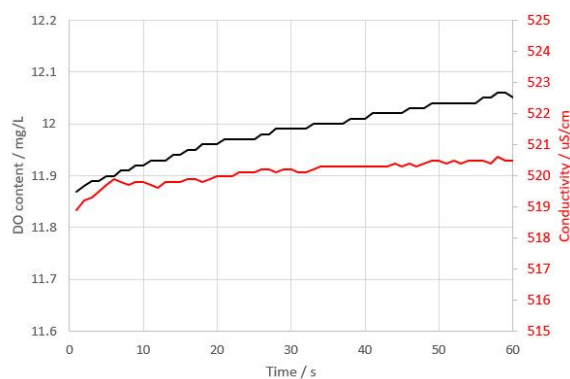
## RESULTS

Results are taken after 60 seconds to ensure a stable temperature measurement. The obtained absolute

standard deviation is smaller than 0.1 mg DO/L or 0.9  $\mu$ S/cm, respectively.

**Table 1.** Content of dissolved oxygen (mg/L) and conductivity ( $\mu$ S/cm) at a single point in a water stream (n = 3).

	DO content in mg/L	Conductivity in $\mu$ S/cm
Mean	12.11	521.5
SD(abs)	0.06	0.9
SD(rel.) %	0.45	0.17



**Figure 2.** Example measurement curve of the DO content and the conductivity in a freshwater stream.

## CONCLUSION

The dissolved oxygen content in surface water can be assessed quickly and locally in-situ by using a 914 pH/DO/Conductometer and the optical sensor O<sub>2</sub>-Lumitrode. Stable, accurate results are obtained

within 60 seconds. Additionally, the sensor is completely maintenance-free. No need to worry about the quality of your sensor: if the O<sub>2</sub> cap needs to be replaced, the instrument will inform you.

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## CONFIGURATION



### 914 pH/DO/Conductometer with accessories case

Portable 2-channel pH/DO/conductivity measuring instrument with analog and digital measuring input for parallel measurements of pH/mV/conductivity or dissolved oxygen and conductivity. You will be optimally equipped for measurements outdoors with this battery-operated measuring instrument in a transport case.

- Parallel measurement of pH value and conductivity
- Parallel measurement of dissolved oxygen and conductivity
- Analog conductivity measuring input for the 4-conductor conductivity measuring cells from Metrohm
- Digital measuring input for the intelligent pH electrodes and O<sub>2</sub> Lumitrode
- Robust, water-tight, and dust-tight housing (IP67) for hard outdoor and laboratory use
- LCD color display with background illumination making results easy to read
- USB interface for simple data export to PC or printer
- Large internal memory (10,000 data sets)
- Pin-protected User mode and Expert mode, prevents unwanted parameter changes
- GLP-compliant printout and data export with User ID and timestamp
- Robust transport case for routine measurements in the field