



Application Note AN-NIR-105

Roasted and ground coffee analysis by near-infrared spectroscopy

Fast determination of caffeine, water activity, and moisture

Continuous analysis of roasted coffee beans allows roasteries to improve their roasting settings, leading to higher energy efficiency and more consistent final products. Not only is flavor affected by the roasting degree, but caffeine content can also change. Conventional analytical methods such as HPLC (high-performance liquid chromatography) for caffeine concentration determination require technical skills to operate, chemical reagents, and take from several

minutes to hours to obtain the results.

In contrast, near-infrared spectroscopy (NIRS) is a fast and chemical-free alternative for caffeine, water activity, and moisture analysis in roasted coffee beans and ground coffee. The NIRS solution is easy to use and does not require any sample preparation. These analyzers can be operated nearby the roaster or in a quality control lab.

EXPERIMENTAL EQUIPMENT

Up to 35 roasted ground coffee bean samples were analyzed on a Metrohm DS2500 Solid Analyzer with the DS2500 Holder and NIRS mini sample cups (**Figure 1**). Samples were positioned into the NIRS mini sample cups for the analysis in diffuse reflection mode. Data acquisition and prediction model development were performed with the software package Vision Air Complete (**Table 1**).

Reference values for caffeine, water activity, and moisture were obtained with the respective primary methods. Caffeine analysis followed the ISO 20481 guideline and was conducted with an ion chromatograph (IC), water activity determination followed the ISO 18787 norm, and moisture determination was performed according to DIN 10772-1.

Table 1. Hardware and software equipment overview.

Equipment	Article number
DS2500 Solid Analyzer	2.922.0010
DS2500 Holder	6.7430.040
NIRS mini sample cups	6.7402.030
Vision Air 2.0 Complete	6.6072.208



Figure 1. A Metrohm DS2500 Solid Analyzer with ground coffee beans held in a NIRS mini sample cup.

RESULT

The obtained Vis-NIR spectra (**Figure 2**) were used to create prediction models for the different reference parameters. Correlation diagrams which display the

relation between the Vis-NIR prediction and the reference values are shown in **Figures 3–5** together with the respective figures of merit (FOM).

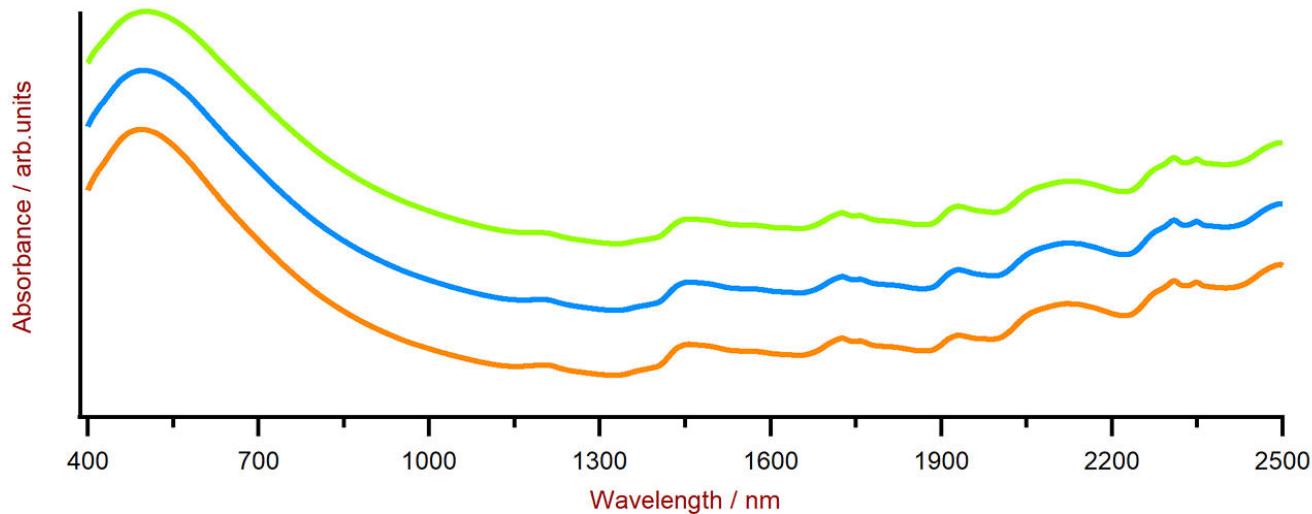


Figure 2. Selection of Vis-NIR spectra of roasted and ground coffee bean samples. Data was obtained with a DS2500 Solid Analyzer. A spectra offset was applied for visualization purposes.

RESULT CAFFEINE IN ROASTED COFFEE

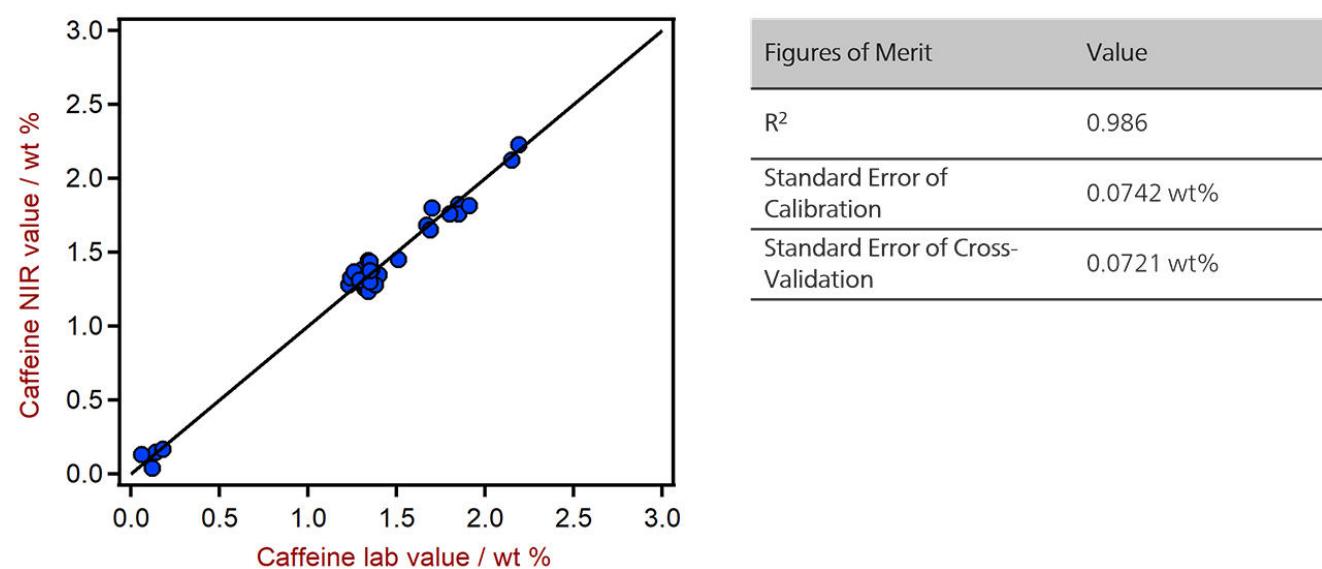


Figure 3. Correlation diagram and the respective FOMs for the prediction of caffeine in roasted ground coffee samples using a DS2500 Solid Analyzer. The lab values were determined using ion chromatography according to the guidelines in ISO 20481.

RESULT WATER ACTIVITY IN ROASTED COFFEE

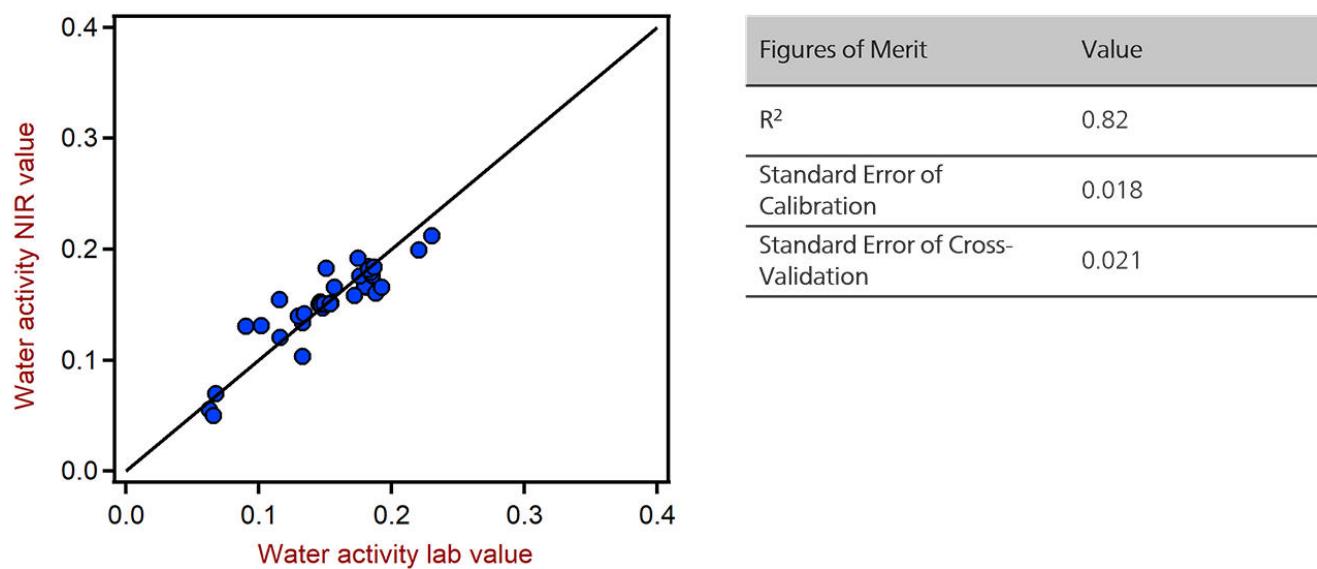


Figure 4. Correlation diagram and the respective FOMs for the prediction of water activity in roasted ground coffee samples using a DS2500 Solid Analyzer. The lab values were determined according to the guidelines in ISO 18787.

RESULT MOISTURE IN ROASTED COFFEE

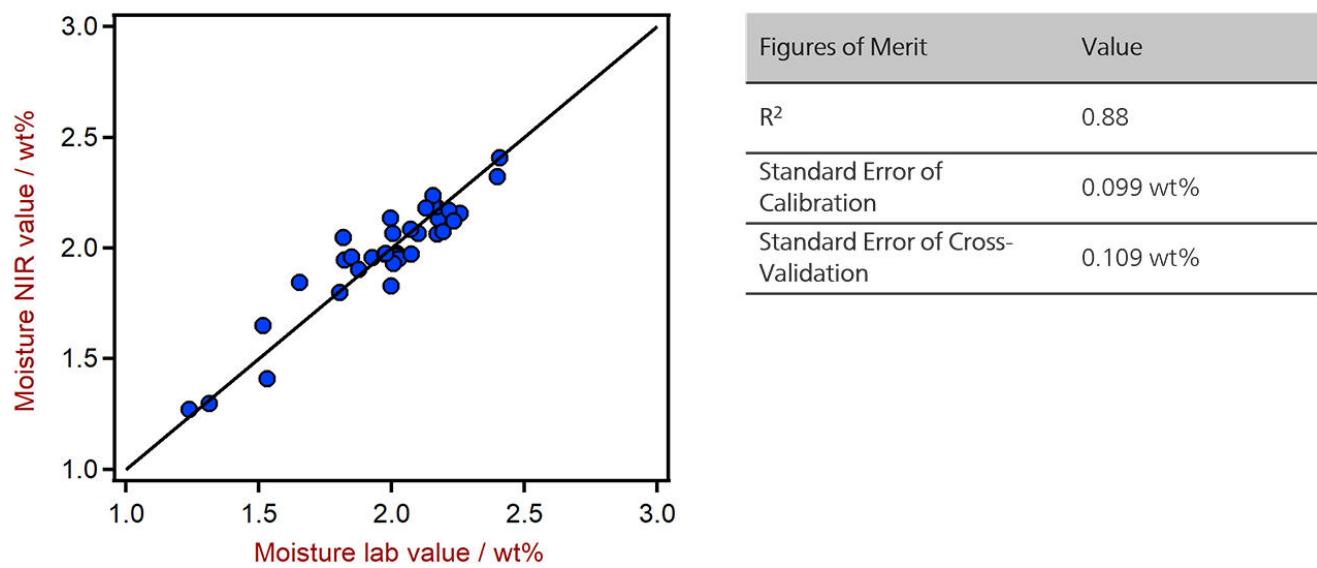


Figure 5. Correlation diagram and the respective FOMs for the prediction of moisture in roasted ground coffee samples using a DS2500 Solid Analyzer. The lab values were determined according to the guidelines in DIN 10772-1.

CONCLUSION

This Application Note shows the feasibility of near-infrared spectroscopy for the analysis of several quality parameters in roasted ground coffee. One NIRS analyzer can determine the caffeine concentration (0.1–2.5 wt%) in addition to water activity and moisture content in a single

measurement. Not only are results delivered in less than a minute, but no chemical reagents are required for the analysis. The time savings by using NIRS compared to the traditional analytical methods (**Table 2**) is immense.

Table 2. Time to result comparison for different methods used to analyze coffee.

Parameter	Method	Time to result
Caffeine	IC System (ISO 20481)	120 min (sample preparation and measurement)
Water activity	Water Activity System (ISO 18787)	15–30 min
Moisture	Oven – Loss on drying (DIN 10772-1)	13 hours (sample preparation and measurement)

Internal references: AW NIR CH-0069-042023; AW NIR CH-0070-042023

CONTACT

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CONFIGURATION



DS2500 Solid Analyzer

Spectroscopie proche infrarouge robuste pour le contrôle de la qualité en laboratoire et en environnement de production.

L'analyseur DS2500 Analyzer est la solution éprouvée et souple destinée aux analyses de routine de matières solides, de crèmes et, en option, de liquides, tout au long de la chaîne de fabrication. Sa conception robuste fait du DS2500 Analyzer un appareil insensible à la poussière, à l'humidité, aux vibrations ainsi qu'aux variations de température, et donc particulièrement adapté aux rudes conditions d'un environnement de production.

Le DS2500 couvre l'ensemble de la gamme spectrale de 400 à 2 500 nm et fournit des résultats exacts et reproductibles en moins d'une minute. Le DS2500 Analyzer répond aux exigences de l'industrie pharmaceutique et représente une aide précieuse pour les opérations de routine quotidiennes grâce à sa simplicité d'utilisation.

Grâce à des accessoires parfaitement adaptés à l'appareil, il atteint des performances sans précédent avec tous les types d'échantillons, quel que soit le défi qu'ils opposent (matières solides à gros grains comme les granulats ou échantillons semi-solides ou liquides telles les crèmes). La productivité lors de mesures de matières solides peut encore être augmentée par l'utilisation du MultiSample Cup, lequel permet des mesures automatisées en série jusqu'à un maximum de 9 échantillons.