



Application Note AN-S-401

# Nitrite in duloxetine hydrochloride API

Ion chromatography method with automated sample preconcentration, matrix elimination, and UV/VIS detection

Recently, the FDA released a guidance document for pharmaceutical manufacturers regarding the control of nitrosamine impurities in medications [1]. Nitrosamine presence in drugs can be risky for patients as these compounds are carcinogenic, even at trace levels. However, nitrosamine formation can be avoided by controlling and monitoring the nitrite concentration in pharmaceutical products and raw materials. Developing processes to reduce or eliminate nitrosamine formation requires sensitive analytical methods for the determination of nitrite in complex matrices.

Dimethylamine is used during the synthesis of many pharmaceuticals. Under acidic pH, dimethylamine reacts with nitrite to form nitrosamines [2]. Duloxetine hydrochloride is an active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) against depression and other nervous system diseases. This Application Note describes the analysis of nitrite in duloxetine hydrochloride with ion chromatography (IC) using a Metrosep A Supp 10 column with direct UV/VIS detection at 215 nm. The Metrohm intelligent Pre-Concentration Technique with Matrix Elimination (MiPCT-ME) is used for sample preparation.

## SAMPLES AND STANDARDS

Duloxetine hydrochloride was received as a powder from a pharmaceutical company. Approximately 0.05 g of sample was accurately weighed and transferred into a clean 10 mL volumetric flask containing 5.0 mL of ultrapure water (UPW). The content was dissolved using a vortex mixer (approx. 5 min) and filled up to the line with UPW. A 0.1 mL aliquot of 1.0 mol/L sodium hydroxide was added, and the contents were mixed. The prepared sample solution was filtered

using a 0.2 µm syringe filter and then passed through an IC-Ag sample preparation cartridge to remove any chloride ions. With automated sample preparation (MiPCT-ME), 2 mL of the sample solution was preconcentrated and the matrix was eliminated using 3 mL UPW.

A single-point calibration was made with 4 µg/L NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> prepared from a 1000 mg/L NIST certified standard (Sigma TraceCERT No. 67276).

## EXPERIMENTAL

The prepared sample solution was injected directly using MiPCT-ME (Figure 1) and analyzed using the method parameters given in **Table 1**.

Anionic components were isocratically separated on a Metrosep A Supp 10 - 250/4.0 column and the background was reduced to a minimum with sequential suppression. The UV/VIS detector signal at 215 nm was recorded. The total run time was 40 minutes. The method accuracy was confirmed by a study where samples were spiked with 4 µg/L NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> and the recovery values were evaluated.



**Figure 1.** Instrumental setup including a 940 Professional IC Vario (center), 947 Professional UV/VIS Detector Vario SW (top center), 858 Professional Sample Processor (right), and MiPCT-ME, performed with the Metrosep A PCC 2 HC/4.0 and a Dosino (left).

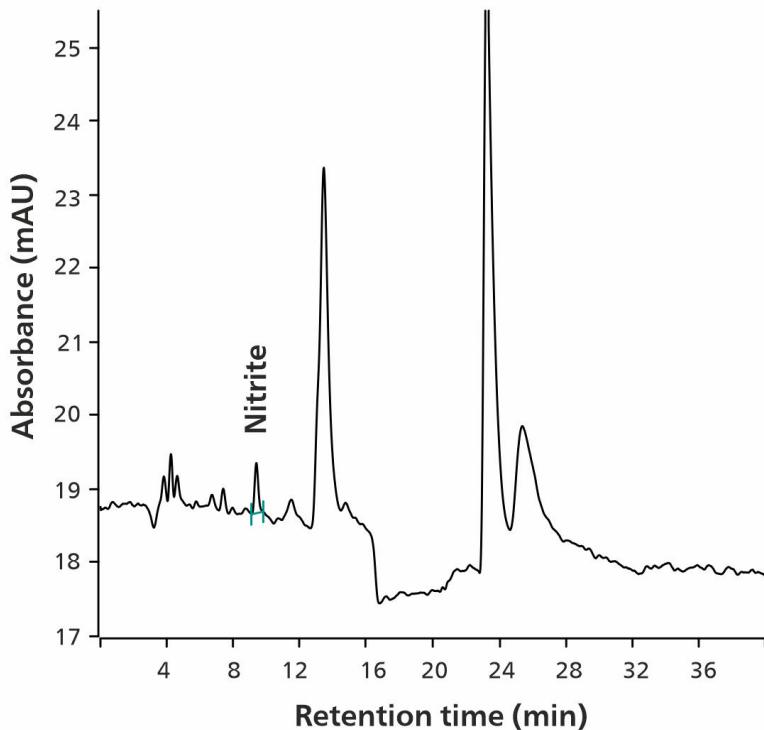
**Table 1.** IC method parameters for the determination of nitrite impurities in duloxetine hydrochloride API.

Column	Metrosep A Supp 10 - 250/4.0
Eluent	5.0 mmol/L sodium carbonate 5.0 mmol/L sodium hydroxide
Flow rate	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.	45 °C
Injection volume	2 mL (preconcentration volume)
Detection	UV detection at 215 nm

## RESULTS

Nitrite was quantified in duloxetine hydrochloride with a chromatographic separation method as

described in USP <621> (Figure 2) [3].



**Figure 2.** Chromatogram of 177 µg/kg nitrite in duloxetine hydrochloride.

Using the MiPCT-ME setup, the method was found to be highly sensitive, able to quantify trace levels of nitrite present in the sample matrix. The method

accuracy, confirmed by the spiking study, achieved recovery values between 80 to 120 %.

## CONCLUSION

The presented IC method with the Metrosep A Supp 10 column can be used to quantify trace levels of nitrite in duloxetine hydrochloride according to USP <621>. The high sensitivity was achieved by using preconcentration, and the interfering sample matrix

was eliminated with an inline matrix elimination technique. This procedure is accurate and robust, and in contrast to manual preconcentration techniques, no additional work is needed for this automated inline process.

## REFERENCES

1. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration; Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER). Control of Nitrosamine Impurities in Human Drugs - Guidance for Industry. *Pharmaceutical Quality/Manufacturing Standards/ Current Good Manufacturing Practice (CGMP)* 2021.
2. U.S. Pharmacopeia. USP-NF Nitrosamine Impurities. *General chapter*.  
[https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M15715\\_02\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M15715_02_01).
3. 621 Chromatography.  
[https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF\\_M99380\\_01\\_01](https://doi.org/10.31003/USPNF_M99380_01_01).

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## CONFIGURATION



### 940 Professional IC Vario ONE/SeS/PP

Le 940 Professional IC Vario ONE/SeS/PP est l'appareil CI intelligent avec **suppression séquentielle** et **pompe péristaltique** pour la régénération du suppresseur. L'appareil peut etre utilisé avec n'importe quelles méthodes de séparation et de détection.

Domaines d'application typiques :

- Déterminations d'anions ou de cations avec suppression séquentielle et détection de conductivité
- Analyse de traces pour les anions ou les cations
- Surveillance en ligne pour les anions ou les cations



### 947 Professional UV/VIS Detector Vario SW

Le 947 Professional UV/VIS Detector Vario SW, un détecteur intelligent à longueur d'onde unique, permet une quantification sûre et fiable des substances actives dans le domaine ultraviolet ou visible. Une longueur d'onde peut etre sélectionnée.



#### 858 Professional Sample Processor – Pump

Le 858 Professional Sample Processor – Pump traite des échantillons de 500 µL à 500 mL. Le transfert des échantillons s'opère soit au moyen de la pompe péristaltique bidirectionnelle à deux voies intégrée soit par un 800 Dosino.



#### Metrosep A Supp 10 - 250/4,0

La colonne de séparation Metrosep A Supp 10 - 250/4,0 est basée sur un copolymère haute capacité de polystyrène-divinylbenzène dont la dimension des particules est de seulement 4,6 µm. Cette colonne, la plus longue de la famille A Supp 10, offre la sélectivité et la flexibilité les plus grandes. L'utilisation du module MSM-HC est spécialement recommandée lorsque les durées de chromatogrammes sont longues. Sur cette colonne également, la possibilité de modifier la température, le débit et la composition de l'éluant permet les séparations d'anions les plus diverses.

La colonne Metrosep A Supp 10 - 250/4,0 possède une très grande capacité. Elle convient aux échantillons à force ionique élevée, aux tâches de séparation complexes et aux analyses d'échantillons dont les divers composants présentent des concentrations très différentes.



#### Metrosep A PCC 2 HC/4.0

Pour la préconcentration des anions et l'élimination de la matrice. L'agrandissement du lit de matériau permet d'augmenter la capacité des deux colonnes de préconcentration totalement fabriquées en PEEK. Cette haute capacité est surtout requise lorsque les effets de matrice pourraient provoquer une surcharge de la colonne de préconcentration ou que des échantillons de force ionique élevée doivent être analysés.