

# Application Note AN-PAN-1019

# Online analysis of acids and iron in pickling baths

In the galvanic industry, pickling baths are utilized to clean and remove most oxides from various steel surfaces, as well as to passivate the surface to prevent corrosion.

It is crucial to maintain specific limits for the Fe<sup>2+</sup>/Fe<sup>3+</sup> and free acid/total acid ratios to ensure the chemical bath remains in optimal working condition. The proper composition of the baths directly affects the quality of the final products. By maintaining these parameters

within optimal ranges, the quality of the resulting products is improved, and production costs are lowered due to decreased reagent consumption.

This Process Application Note presents a method to regularly monitor the acid and iron composition in pickling baths online to ensure an even cleaning process by using a process analyzer from Metrohm Process Analytics.

#### INTRODUCTION

Countless products begin with steel, which is one of the most essential raw materials.

Hot-dip galvanizing (Figure 1) is a process that involves coating steel (or iron) with a layer of zinc to protect it from corrosion [1]. An extremely important part of steel production is the pickling process, in which impurities such as mill scale produced during high-temperature rolling are removed and the surface prepared for subsequent process steps. At the same time, interfering annealing colors are removed while the surface is passivated by the formation of a protective layer to protect against further corrosion.

The pickling baths used are made up of diluted acids and can vary in composition depending on the grade of steel being treated. In most cases, hydrochloric or sulfuric acid (HCl,  $H_2SO_4$ ) are

used, or mixtures of acids such as HNO<sub>3</sub>/HF or H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>/H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>/HF. While pickling removes impurities, the acids used also attack the steel surface and partially dissolve it. This overpickling of the base steel can result in the metal pitting which leads to an undesirable rough, blistered coating in the following galvanizing steps, and also causes excessive consumption of the pickling acid. Dissolved iron in the form of iron oxides present in the metal oxide scale affects the pickling rate of steel as iron concentrations increase. Therefore, it is important that process-relevant parameters such as bath composition are controlled and maintained as accurately as possible to reduce the overconsumption of pickling chemicals while keeping the quality of the product constant.

#### **GALVANIZING PROCESS**

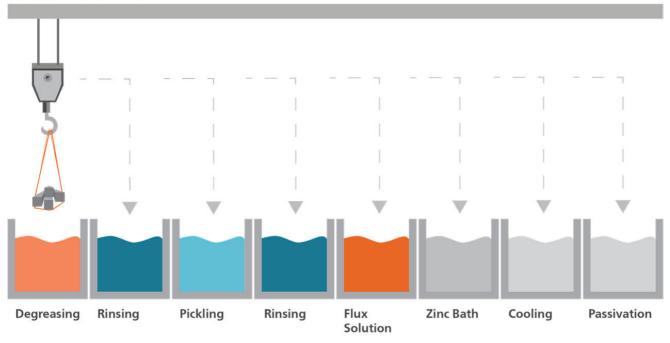


Figure 1. Illustration of the multi-step hot-dip galvanizing process. The pickling bath is shown in light blue.

Pickling is a highly corrosive process, and if the bath is not monitored carefully, it can lead to issues in the resulting product. Continuous online monitoring of free and total acids and iron content satisfies this requirement and as a result, pickling baths can be used more economically and ecologically. Thus, operating

and chemical disposal costs are considerably reduced.

Metrohm Process Analytics offers a multiparameter process analyzer that is suitable for the simultaneous analysis of Fe<sup>2+</sup>/Fe<sup>3+</sup> and free acid/total acid ratio over a wide concentration range—the **2060 TI Process Analyzer** (Figure 2).



**Figure 2.** 2060 TI Process Analyzer for the online analysis of critical quality parameters in pickling baths using the method of titration.

### **APPLICATION**

Total acids, individual acids, and iron (i.e., HCl,  $\rm H_2SO_4$ , HNO<sub>3</sub>, HF,  $\rm Fe_2^+$ , and  $\rm Fe^{3+}$ ) were analyzed using accurate titration methods. Performance monitoring of pickling baths is possible with the

use of Metrohm process analyzers, either the 2026 HD Titrolyzer or the 2060 TI Process Analyzer, depending on whether single- or multi-parameter measurements are required.

**Table 1.** Parameters and their concentration ranges in pickling baths.

Parameters	Concentration [g/L]
HCI	15–250
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	10–200
Fe <sup>3+</sup>	1–20
HNO <sub>3</sub>	10–250
HF	0–100
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	0–300

#### **REMARKS**

A <u>settler</u> (**Figure 3**) can be used as a robust preconditioning system to remove solids and particles from the liquid sample prior to the analysis.



Figure 3. Settler unit for removal of particles.

# **CONCLUSION**

During steel production, the pickling process prepares the steel surface for subsequent finishing steps. These pickling baths contain combinations of HCl, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, HNO<sub>3</sub>, HF, H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, Fe<sup>2+</sup>, and Fe<sup>3+</sup>. For reproducible surface treatment, the bath composition must be continuously monitored. This is best done online

with titration by using a rugged Metrohm process analyzer such as the 2060 TI Process Analyzer. By supplying real-time information to the industrial control system (such as DCS or PLC) with an online process analyzer, downtimes are reduced, bath composition is optimized, and costly company assets are safeguarded.

#### **REFERENCES**

 What is the HDG Process?. American Galvanizers Association. <a href="https://galvanizeit.org/hot-dip-galvanizing/hdg-process">https://galvanizeit.org/hot-dip-galvanizing/hdg-process</a> (accessed 2023-05-08).

# **RELATED APPLICATION NOTES**

AN-PAN-1006 Determination of zinc, sulfuric acid and iron
AN-PAN-1012 Online analysis of nickel ion & hypophosphite content

<u>AN-PAN-1018</u> Determination of acids, bases and aluminum: galvanic industry – metal surface treatment

# **OTHER RELATED DOCUMENTS**

WP-076 Process analyzers as proactive solutions

for online corrosion monitoring

# **BENEFITS FOR ONLINE PROCESS ANALYSIS**

- **Enhanced** reproducibility, production rates, and profitability (less waste).
- Fully automated diagnostics automatic alarms for when samples are out of specified concentration parameters.
- Efficient steel pickling at a high level of quality by constantly monitoring the processing baths.
- **Avoid unnecessary costs** by reducing the amount of time required to achieve the desired pickling results.









# **CONTACT**

ックス9階

メトロームジャパン株式会 社 143-0006 東京都大田区平 和島6-1-1 null 東京流通センター アネ

metrohm.jp@metrohm.jp

# **CONFIGURATION**



# 2060 Process Analyzer

2060 Process Analyzerは、無数のアフリケーションに対応するオンライン湿式化学アナライサーてす。このフロセスアナライサーは、「ヘーシックキャヒネット」と呼はれる中核フラットホームによって構成される新たなモシュラー式コンセフトを提供するものです。

ペーシックキャヒネットは、2つの部分から構成されます。上部はタッチスクリーンと産業用PCを含みます。下部には、実際の分析のためのハートウェアか格納されるフレキシフルな湿式部か含まれます。基本湿式部の容量か分析課題を解決するのに充分でない場合、最も困難なアフリケーションても解決できる充分なスペースを確保するため、ペーシックキャヒネットを4つまでの追加湿式部キャヒネットに拡張することか可能です。追加キャヒネットに拡張することか可能です。追加キャヒネットに拡張することか可能です。追加キャヒネットに拡張することか可能です。追加キャヒネットに拡張することかで表してもます。

2060 Process Analyzerは様々な湿式化学技術を提供します: カール フィッシャー滴定、光度測定、直接測定、およひ標準追加メソットです。

フロシェクトのすべての要求を満たすべく(もしくはお客様のすべての必要性を満たすため)、頑丈な分析ソリューションを保証するためのサンフルフレコンティショニンクシステムをこ利用いたたくことも可能です。弊社は、冷却や加熱、減圧、脱気、ろ過なとのような、いかなるサンフルフレコンティショニンクシステムでも提供することかできます。

