

Application Note AN-PAN-1037

Online measurement of the acid number (AN) in oils with thermometric titration

Metrohm has partnered with industry leaders to develop an alternative standard for the measurement of acid number (AN) in crude oil and petroleum products to overcome shortcomings in the current method (ASTM D664). This new standard method (ASTM D8045) describes the use of thermometric catalytic titration for this analysis. Results agree closely with those from ASTM D664, but the thermometric catalytic titration method is far superior in terms of reproducibility and speed of analysis, with

determinations being complete in one minute. Solvent usage is much less compared to older methods, saving on waste disposal costs. Comparison studies show very close data correlation between ASTM D8045 and traditional potentiometric AN titration methods, making implementation into a refinery with historic data practical.

This Process Application Note presents a method to regularly monitor AN online in crude oil to avoid corrosion issues in refinery processes.

Additionally, testing of crude and refined oil products is demanding and requires precise and reliable analysis to meet regulatory demands. Metrohm Process Analytics is actively involved with international standard bodies to help drive method development. The ADI 2045TI Ex proof Analyzer (Figure 2) can

monitor acidity of crude oil according to ASTM D8045 testing procedures. By monitoring the acidity of crude oil and the associated products, billions of dollars are saved annually by avoiding unexpected shutdowns and preserving expensive treatment chemicals.



Figure 2. ADI 2045TI Ex proof Analyzer suitable for ASTM D8045.

APPLICATION

ASTM D8045 describes the nonaqueous thermometric catalytic titration of weakly acidic species in crude oil. A defined amount of sample is introduced via sample loop and dissolved in a 30–35 mL 3:1 xylene/isopropanol mixture. Paraformaldehyde is added as a catalytic indicator

before the titration is performed with 0.1 mol/L KOH in isopropanol. The endpoint, indicated by a temperature change with the robust Metrohm Thermoprobe, is identified by the second derivative (Figure 3). Benzoic acid is used as a standard in this method.

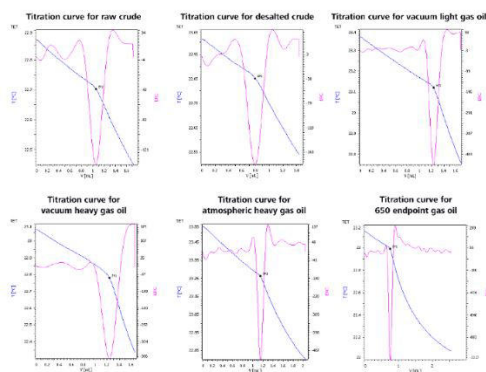


Figure 3. Acidity in crude oils and petroleum products by Metrohm thermometric catalytic titration according to ASTM D8045.

Table 1. Typical range for AN in petroleum.

Parameters	Range [mg KOH/g]
AN	0.1–16

REMARKS

If the sample is not in liquid form, preconditioning at 65 °C is permitted to decrease sample viscosity. In thermometric titration, enthalpy change of the reaction is monitored rather than potential. Catalytically enhanced titrations using paraformaldehyde as catalyst are based on the

endothermic hydrolysis of the paraformaldehyde in the presence of an excess of hydroxide ions. It is recommended to use the paraformaldehyde specified in the given ASTM method, as not every type is suited for the catalysis of this reaction.

CONCLUSION

The Metrohm Process Analytics **ADI 2045TI Ex proof Analyzer** can reliably measure the acid number in crude oil and petroleum products according to ASTM

D8045. Additionally, it offers automated analysis results for different parts of a refinery process and helps to safeguard plant operations.

RELATED APPLICATION NOTES

[AN-PAN-1014](#) Online determination of salt in crude oil by automated process analysis

[AN-PAN-1026](#) Mercaptans and hydrogen sulfide in raw oil in accordance with ASTM D3227 and UOP163

BENEFITS FOR ONLINE ANALYSIS IN PROCESS

- More savings per measurement, making results more cost-effective
- Increased product throughput, reproducibility, production rates, and profitability
- Guarantee compliance with government standards
- Protection of company assets with built-in alarms at specified warning limits to prevent corrosion



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CONFIGURATION



ADI 2045TI Ex proof Analyzer

The ADI 2045TI Ex proof Process Analyzer is used in hazardous environments where explosion proof protection is a critical safety requirement. The analyzer fulfills EU Directives 94/9/EC (ATEX95) and is certified for Zone-1 and Zone-2 areas. The analyzer design combines a purge/pressurization system with intrinsic safety electronic devices. The air purging phase and permanent overpressure prevents any potentially explosive atmosphere in the ambient air from entering the analyzer enclosure. The analyzer smart design avoids the need for purging large analyzer shelters and can be located at the production line in the hazardous zone.

Titration, Karl Fischer titration, photometry, measurements with ion selective electrodes, and direct measurements are all possible with this Ex-p version.